

State of Alaska Department of Commerce, Community & Economic Development Division of Corporations, Business, and Professional Licensing Big Game Commercial Services Board

Board Packet

July 18, 2024

Big Game Commercial Services Board

Name	Appointed	Reappointed	Expires
Bloomquist, Aaron (Copper Center) Licensed Registered Guides-Outfitters	03/01/2021		03/01/2025
Boniek. Martin (Glennallen) Licensed Transporters	03/01/2021		03/01/2025
Buist, Peter (Fairbanks) Public	05/21/2019	03/01/2021	03/01/2025
Foster, Cary (Anchorage) Licensed Registered Guides-Outfitters	05/24/2024		03/01/2028
Flores, Michael (Soldotna) Licensed Transporters	05/11/2020	03/08/2023	03/01/2027
Kunder, Larry (Anchorage) Public	05/25/2022		03/01/2026
Nordlum. Clay (Kotzebue) Private Landholders/Restricted	06/25/2021	03/01/2022	03/01/2026
Vacant () Private Landholders/Restricted			
Lorring, Dave (Fairbanks) Designated Game Board Member/Restricted	03/01/2023		03/01/2027



Big Game Commercial Services Board - Investigative Matters

Alaska Division of Corporations, Business and Professional Licensing Thursday, July 18, 2024, at 9AM AKDT to Thursday, July 18, 2024, at 11:30 PM AKDT Zoom (online)

Meeting Details:

https://us02web.zoom.us/j/89988143938?pwd=cKWJHqmZFsQ9AWSXVItgVotfFLAk9Q.1

Call In: (669)900-6833 **Meeting ID:** 899 8814 3938

Passcode: 559785

Agenda

1. 9:00am - Roll call/Call to Order

2. 9:02am - Review Agenda

3. 9:03am - Ethics Review

4. 9:05am - Investigative Matters for Review

A. Executive Session

i. Case No. 2021-000623

ii. Case No. 2021-001082

iii. Case No. 2024-000215

iv. Case No. 2024-000233

v. Case No. 2024-000252

vi. Case No. 2024-000312

5. 11:00am - Summary/Motions from Executive Session

6. 11:15am - Brief Discussion: 12 AAC 75.240(f) & (i)

7. 11:25am - Schedule Spring 2025 Board Meeting

8. 11:30am - Adjourn

State of Alaska DEPARTMENT OF LAW

ETHICS ACT PROCEDURES FOR BOARDS & COMMISSIONS

All board and commission members and staff should be familiar with the Executive Branch Ethics Act procedures outlined below.

Who Is My Designated Ethics Supervisor (DES)?

Every board or commission subject to the Ethics Act¹ has several ethics supervisors designated by statute.

- The chair serves as DES for board or commission members.
- The chair serves as DES for the executive director.
- The executive director serves as DES for the staff.
- The governor is the DES for a chair.²

What Do I Have To Disclose?

The Ethics Act requires members of boards and commissions to disclose:

- Any matter that is a potential conflict of interest with actions that the member may take when serving on the board or commission.
- Any circumstance that may result in a violation of the Ethics Act.
- Any personal or financial interest (or that of an immediate family member) in a state grant,
 contract, lease or loan that is awarded or administered by the member's board or commission.
- · The receipt of certain gifts.

The executive director of the board or commission and its staff, as state employees, must also disclose:

- Compensated outside employment or services.
- Volunteer service, if any compensation, including travel and meals, is paid or there is a potential conflict with state duties.

For more information regarding the types of matters that may result in violations of the Ethics
 Act, board or commission members should refer to the guide, "Ethics Information for Members of
 Boards and Commissions." The executive director and staff should refer to the guide, Ethics
 Information for Public Employees." Both guides and disclosure forms may be found on the
 Department of Law's ethics website.

How Do I Avoid Violations of the Ethics Act?

- · Make timely disclosures!
- · Follow required procedures!
- Provide all information necessary to a correct evaluation of the matter!³
- · When in doubt, disclose and seek advice!
- · Follow the advice of your DES!

What Are The Disclosure Procedures for Board and Commission Members?

The procedural requirements for disclosures by members are set out in AS 39.52.220 and 9 AAC 52.120. One goal of these provisions is to help members avoid violations of the Ethics Act. The procedures provide the opportunity for members to seek review of matters in advance of taking action to ensure that actions taken will be consistent with the Act.

Procedure for declaring actual or potential conflicts.

Members must declare potential conflicts and other matters that may violate the Ethics Act on the public record and in writing to the chair.

Disclosure on the public record. Members must identify actual and potential conflicts orally at the board or commission's public meeting **in advance** of participating in deliberations or taking any official action on the matter.

- A member must always declare a conflict and may choose to refrain from voting, deliberations or other participation regarding a matter.⁴
- If a member is uncertain whether participation would result in a violation of the Act, the member should disclose the circumstances and seek a determination from the chair.

Disclosure in writing at a public meeting. In addition to an oral disclosure at a board or commission meeting, members' disclosures must be made in writing.

- If the meeting is recorded, a tape or transcript of the meeting is preserved and there is a method
 for identifying the declaration in the record, an oral disclosure may serve as the written
 disclosure.
- Alternatively, the member must note the disclosure on the Notice of Potential Violation disclosure form and the chair must record the determination.

Confidential disclosure in advance of public meeting. Potential conflicts may be partially addressed in advance of a board or commission's public meeting based on the published meeting agenda or other board or commission activity.

- A member identifying a conflict or potential conflict submits a Notice of Potential Violation to the chair, as DES, in advance of the public meeting.
- This written disclosure is considered confidential.
- The chair may seek advice from the Attorney General.
- The chair makes a written determination, also confidential, whether the disclosed matter represents a conflict that will result in a violation of the Ethics Act if the member participates in official action addressing the matter. ⁵
- If so, the chair directs the member to refrain from participating in the matter that is the subject of the disclosure.
- An oral report of the notice of potential violation and the determination that the member must refrain from participating is put on the record at a public meeting.⁶

Determinations at the public meeting. When a potential conflict is declared by a member for the public record, the following procedure must be followed:

- The chair states his or her determination regarding whether the member may participate.
- Any member may then object to the chair's determination.
- If an objection is made, the members present, excluding the member who made the disclosure, vote on the matter.
- Exception: A chair's determination that is made consistent with advice provided by the Attorney General may not be overruled.
- If the chair, or the members by majority vote, determines that a violation will exist if the disclosing member continues to participate, the member must refrain from voting, deliberating or participating in the matter.⁷

If the chair identifies a potential conflict, the same procedures are followed. If possible, the chair should forward a confidential written notice of potential violation to the Office of the Governor for a determination in advance of the board or commission meeting. If the declaration is first

made at the public meeting during which the matter will be addressed, the members present, except for the chair, vote on the matter. If a majority determines that a violation of the Ethics Act will occur if the chair continues to participate, the chair shall refrain from voting, deliberating or participating in the matter. A written disclosure or copy of the public record regarding the oral disclosure should be forwarded to the Office of the Governor for review by the chair's DES.

Procedures for Other Member Disclosures

A member's interest in a state grant, contract, lease or loan and receipt of gifts are disclosed by filling out the appropriate disclosure form and submitting the form to the chair for approval. The disclosure forms are found on the Department of Law's ethics website.

What Are The Disclosure Procedures for Executive Directors and Staff?

Ethics disclosures of the executive director or staff are made in writing to the appropriate DES (chair for the executive director and the executive director for staff).

Disclosure forms are found on the ethics website, noted above.

Notices of Potential Violations. Following receipt of a written notice of potential violation, the DES investigates, if necessary, and makes a written determination whether a violation of the Ethics Act could exist or will occur. A DES may seek advice from the Attorney General. If feasible, the DES shall reassign duties to cure a potential violation or direct divestiture or removal by the employee of the personal or financial interests giving rise to the potential violation.

- These disclosures are not required to be made part of the public record.
- A copy of a determination is provided to the employee.
- Both the notice and determination are confidential.

Other Disclosures. The DES also reviews other ethics disclosures and either approves them or determines what action must be taken to avoid a violation of the Act. In addition to the disclosures of certain gifts and interests in the listed state matters, state employees must disclose all outside employment or services for compensation.

The DES must provide a copy of an approved disclosure or other determination the employee.

How Are Third Party Reports of Potential Violations or Complaints Handled?

Any person may report a potential violation of the Ethics Act by a board or commission member or its staff to the appropriate DES or file a complaint alleging actual violations with the Attorney General.

- Notices of potential violations and complaints must be submitted in writing and under oath.
- Notices of potential violations are investigated by the appropriate DES who makes a written determination whether a violation may exist.⁸
- Complaints are addressed by the Attorney General under separate procedures outlined in the Ethics Act.
- These matters are confidential, unless the subject waives confidentiality or the matter results in a public accusation.

What Are The Procedures for Quarterly Reports?

Designated ethics supervisors must submit copies of notices of potential violations received and the corresponding determinations to the Attorney General for review by the state ethics attorney as part of the quarterly report required by the Ethics Act.

- Reports are due in April, July, October and January for the preceding quarter.
- · A sample report may be found on the Department of Law's ethics website.
- An executive director may file a quarterly report on behalf of the chair and combine it with his or her own report.
- If a board or commission does not meet during a quarter and there is no other reportable activity, the DES advises the Department of Law Ethics Attorney by e-mail at ethicsreporting@alaska.gov and no other report is required.

If the state ethics attorney disagrees with a reported determination, the attorney will advise the DES of that finding. If the ethics attorney finds that there was a violation, the member who committed the violation is not liable if he or she fully disclosed all relevant facts reasonably necessary to the ethics supervisor's or commission's determination and acted consistent with the determination.

How Does A DES or Board or Commission Get Ethics Advice?

A DES or board or commission may make a **written request** to the Attorney General for an opinion regarding the application of the Ethics Act. In practice, the Attorney General, through the state ethics attorney, also provides **advice by phone or e-mail** to designated ethics supervisors, especially when time constraints prevent the preparation of timely written opinions.

- A request for advice and the advisory opinion are confidential.
- The ethics attorney endeavors to provide prompt assistance, although that may not always be possible.
- The DES must make his or her determination addressing the potential violation based on the opinion provided.

It is the obligation of each board or commission member, as well as the staff, to ensure that the public's business is conducted in a manner that is consistent with the standards set out in the Ethics Act. We hope this summary assists you in ensuring that your obligations are met.

- ¹ The Act covers a board, commission, authority, or board of directors of a public or quasi-public corporation, established by statute in the executive branch of state government.
- ² The governor has delegated the DES responsibility to Guy Bell, Administrative Director of the Office of the Governor.
- ³ You may supplement the disclosure form with other written explanation as necessary. Your signature on a disclosure certifies that, to the best of your knowledge, the statements made are true, correct and complete. False statements are punishable.
- ⁴ In most, but not all, situations, refraining from participation ensures that a violation of the Ethics Act does not occur. Abstention does not cure a conflict with respect to a significant direct personal or financial interest in a state grant, contract, lease or loan because the Ethics Act prohibition applies whether or not the public officer actually takes official action.
- ⁵ The chair must give a copy of the written determination to the disclosing member. There is a determination form available on the Department of Law's ethics web page. The ethics supervisor may also write a separate memorandum.
- ⁶ In this manner, a member's detailed personal and financial information may be protected from public disclosure.
- ⁷ When a matter of particular sensitivity is raised and the ramifications of continuing without an advisory opinion from the Attorney General may affect the validity of the board or commission's action, the members should consider tabling the matter so that an opinion may be obtained.
- ⁸ The DES provides a copy of the notice to the employee who is the subject of the notice and may seek input from the employee, his or her supervisor and others. The DES may seek advice from the Attorney General. A copy of the DES' written determination is provided to the subject employee and the complaining party. The DES submits a copy of both the notice and the determination to the Attorney General for review as part of the DES' quarterly report. If feasible,

the DES shall reassign duties to cure a potential violation or direct divestiture or removal by the employee of the personal or financial interests giving rise to the potential violation.

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The Attorney General and Department of Law staff may not provide legal advice to private citizens or organizations. Please contact an attorney if you need legal advice. The Alaska Lawyer Referral Service or your local bar association may be able to assist you in locating a lawyer.

Alaska Department of Law

1031 West 4th Avenue, Suite 200 Anchorage, AK 99501 attorney.general@alaska.gov

Phone: (907) 269-5100 | Fax: (907) 276-3697 TTY: 907-258-9161

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Ethics Disclosure Form

CONFIDENTIAL REQUEST FOR ETHICS DETERMINATION

TO:		, Designated Ethics Supervisor
	(Identify Your Department, Agency,	Public Corporation, Board, Commission)
-	uest advice regarding the application of the 0) to my situation. The situation involves	ne Executive Branch Ethics Act (AS 39.52.010 the following:
□ I	have provided additional information in t	he attached document(s).
I be	lieve the following provisions of the Ethic	es Act may apply to my situation:
	AS 39.52.120, Misuse of Official Posit	ion
	AS 39.52.130, Improper Gifts	
	AS 39.52.140, Improper Use or Disclo	sure of Information
	AS 39.52.150, Improper Influence in S	tate Grants, Contracts, Leases or Loans
	AS 39.52.160, Improper Representatio	n
	AS 39.52.170, Outside Employment R	estricted
	AS 39.52.180, Restrictions on Employ	ment after Leaving State Service
	AS 39.52.190, Aiding a Violation Proh	iibited
unti AS 3 with	I I receive your advice. If the circumstar 39.52.110190, I intend that this request AS 39.52.210 or AS 39.52.220.	ring any official action relating to this matter aces I described above may result in a violation of serve as my disclosure of the matter in accordance astatement is true, correct, and complete. In
addi	, , ,	nat may apply, the submission of a false statement
	(Signature)	(Date)
	(Printed Name)	(Division, Board, Commission)
	(Position Title)	(Location)

Designated Ethics Supervisor: Provide a copy of your written determination to the employee advising whether action is necessary under AS 39.52.210 or AS 39.52.220, and send a copy of the determination and disclosure to the attorney general with your quarterly report.

Ethics Disclosure Form

Receipt of Gift

, Designated Ethio	cs Supervisor,
	(Agency, Public Corporation, Board,
	Commission or Council)
losure reports receipt of a gift with value in excease required by AS 39.52.130(b) or (f).	ess of \$150.00 by me or my immediate family
Is the gift connected to my position as a state office	cer, employee or member of a state board or commission?
□Yes □No	
Can I take or withhold official action that may aff	ect the person or entity that gave me the gift?
□Yes □No	
answer "No" to both questions, you do not need to a per if you are not sure, you must complete this form a	report this gift. If the answer to either question is "Yes," and provide it to your designated ethics supervisor.)
s	
gift giver by full name, title, and organization or	relationship, if any:
event or occasion when gift was received or oth	er circumstance explaining the reason for the gift:
ate of its value is \$7	The date of receipt was
ift was received by a member of my family. Wh	10?
ecked "Yes" to question 2 above, explain the offel page, if necessary):	icial action you may take that affects the giver (attach
	s true, correct, and complete. In addition to any other a false statement is punishable under AS 11.56.200 -
(Signature)	(Date)
(Printed Name)	(Division)
(Position Title)	(Location)
pervisor Determination: Approve Disap	proved
esignated Ethics Supervisor*	(Date)
	losure reports receipt of a gift with value in excess as required by AS 39.52.130(b) or (f). Is the gift connected to my position as a state office

^{*}Designated Ethics Supervisor: Provide a copy of the approval or disapproval to the employee. If action is necessary under AS 39.52.210 or AS 39.52.220, attach a determination stating the reasons and send a copy of the determination and disclosure to the attorney general with your quarterly report.

EXECUTIVE SESSION MOTION

Ι,	_, move that the Alaska State Big (Game
Commercial Services Board enter into	executive session in accordance wi	th AS
44.62.310(c), and Alaska Constitutional	Right to Privacy Provisions, for th	ne purpose
of discussing		
Board staff member(s) remain during the session.		to
	Off record: _ On record: _	

Authority: AS 44.62.310(c), Government meetings public

The following subjects may be considered in executive session:

- matters, the immediate knowledge of which would clearly have an adverse effect upon the finances of the public entity;
- subjects that tend to prejudice the reputation and character of any person, provided the person may request a public discussion;
- matters which by law, municipal charter, or ordinance are required to be confidential;
- matters involving consideration of government records that by law are not subject to public disclosure.

2025 HOLIDAY CALENDAR

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XX Holiday

State Holidays

Date	Holiday
01/01/25	New Year's Day
01/20/25	MLK Jr.'s Birthday
02/17/25	Presidents' Day
03/31/25	Seward's Day
05/26/25	Memorial Day
07/04/25	Independence Day

State Holidays

Date	Holiday
09/01/25	Labor Day
10/18/25	Alaska Day (observed 10/17/2025)
11/11/25	Veterans' Day
11/27/25	Thanksgiving Day
12/25/25	Christmas Day

 $Please\ refer\ to\ appropriate\ collective\ bargaining\ unit\ agreement\ for\ more\ information\ regarding\ holidays.$